

Introduction



The Levenseat Renewable Energy (LREL) waste treatment facility consists of an advanced materials recovery facility and a combined heat and power plant, designed to recover recyclable material from black waste and maximise diversion from landfill.

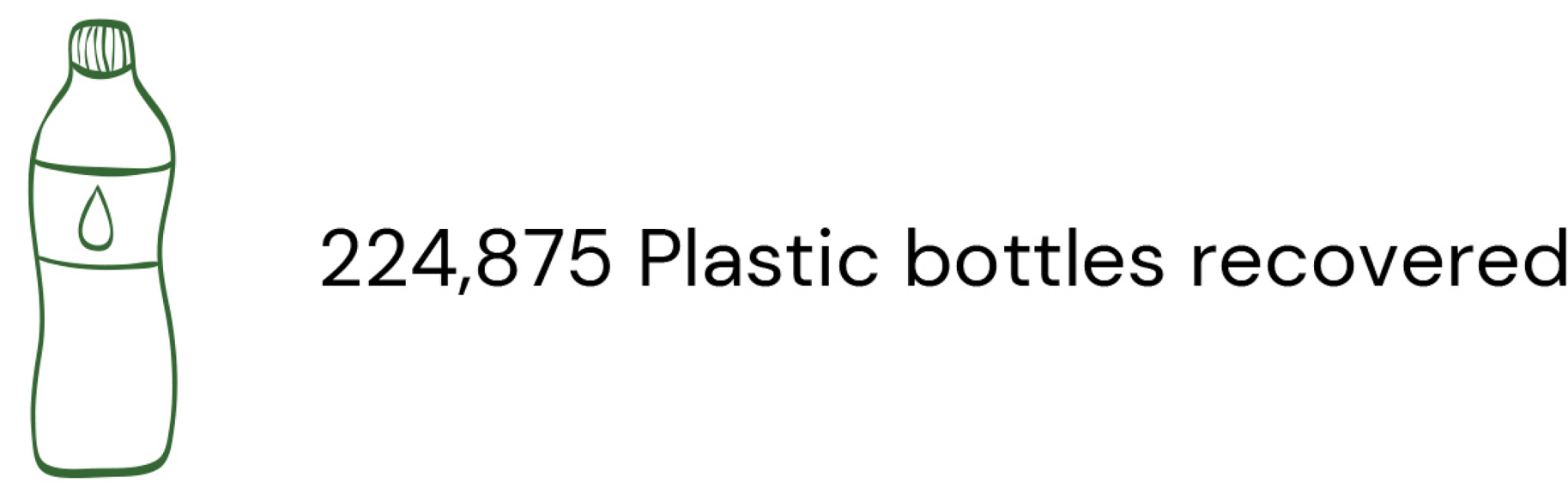
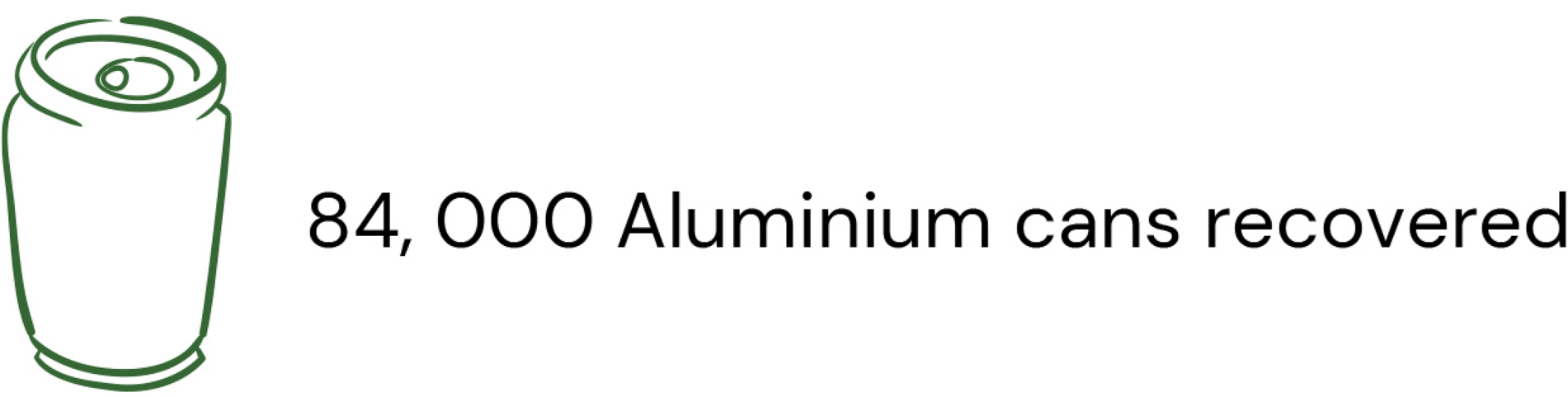
Once all efforts have been made to recover recyclable material from waste streams, the next best option is to recover energy from the remaining waste. This not only means we are recovering value from waste; we are also diverting waste from landfill and helping to contribute to Scotland's renewable energy targets.

Key Facts



Interesting Facts

The LREL facility is designed to process residual waste, otherwise known as black bin waste, waste that householders have deemed to be unrecyclable, yet we are able to recover and recycle on average 20% of the material received.

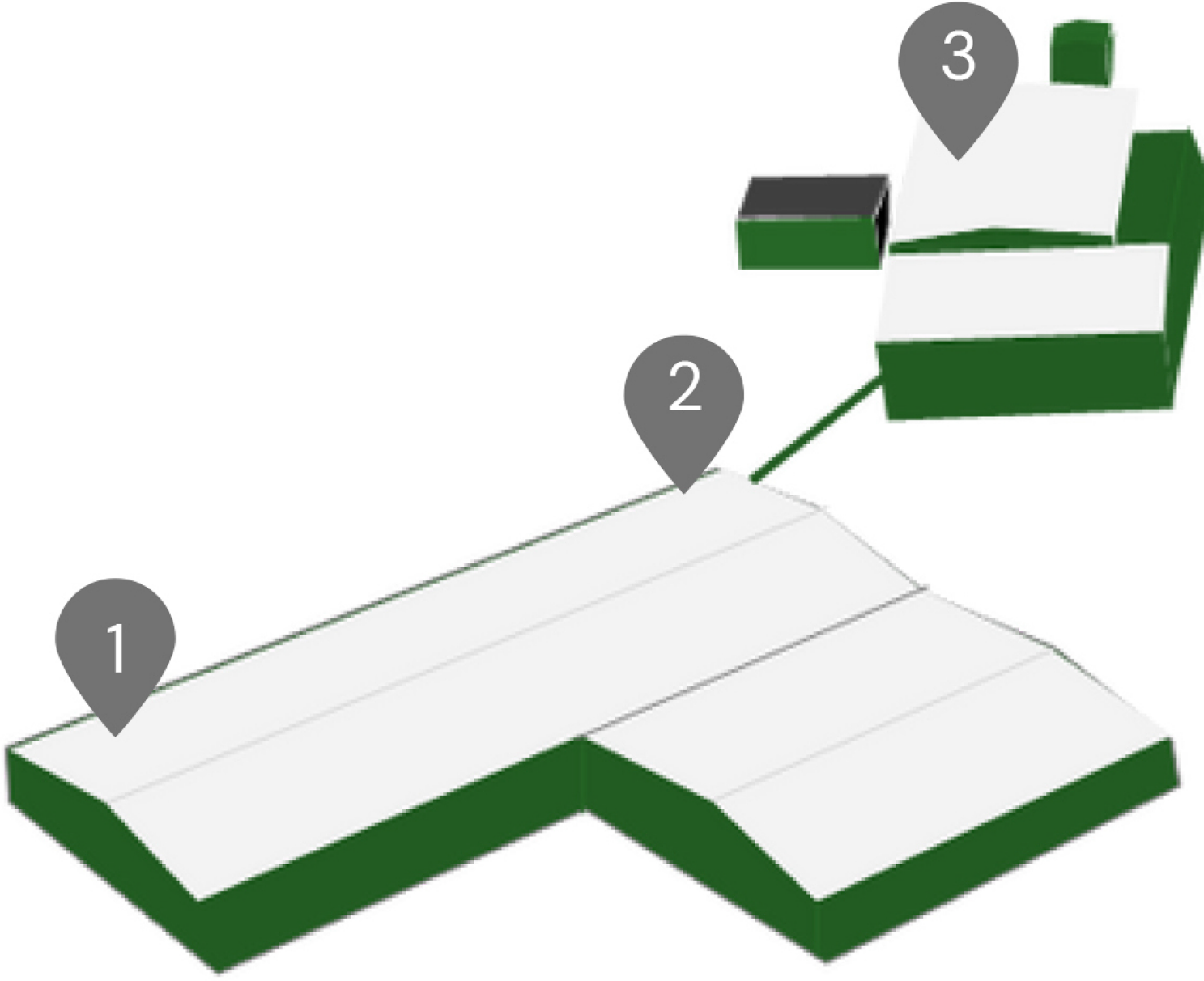


Other materials recovered include WEEE from electrical equipment, organic fines that are sent for composting, and ferrous metals in the form of pots and pans etc.

Step 1: Recovery of Recyclates
Materials such as wood, cardboard, ferrous metals, non-ferrous metals, mixed plastics, and inerts are all recovered and diverted back into the manufacturing or construction industries.

Step 2: Fuel Preparation
The remaining waste is prepared into a fuel known as Refused Deriver Fuel. This fuel is made to a specific, detailed standard to ensure a clean and efficient conversion process and to minimise production of ash and other by-products

Step 3: Energy Recovery
Our Power Plant provides an environmentally responsible means of producing reliable baseload electricity. The Plant uses non-recyclable waste as a fuel, reducing our reliance on fossil fuels, the need for landfill and cutting emissions.



*based on 2020 annual statistics

Emissions Monitoring

Emissions are monitored directly by our Continuous Emissions Monitoring System (CEMS). This system is fitted inside the stack so it monitors the flue gas before it is released into the atmosphere.

The majority of our emissions are compounds of normal air like steam, oxygen, nitrogen and carbon dioxide. For the very small remainder of emissions, they go through a sophisticated treatment process that ensures emissions remain well below all relevant standards.

In addition to providing information to SEPA for regulatory compliance, the CEMS also allows the Power Plant team to monitor the processes. The data provided by the monitoring systems gives useful feedback on how the processes are operating, thereby allowing the team to safely and efficiently run the plant.

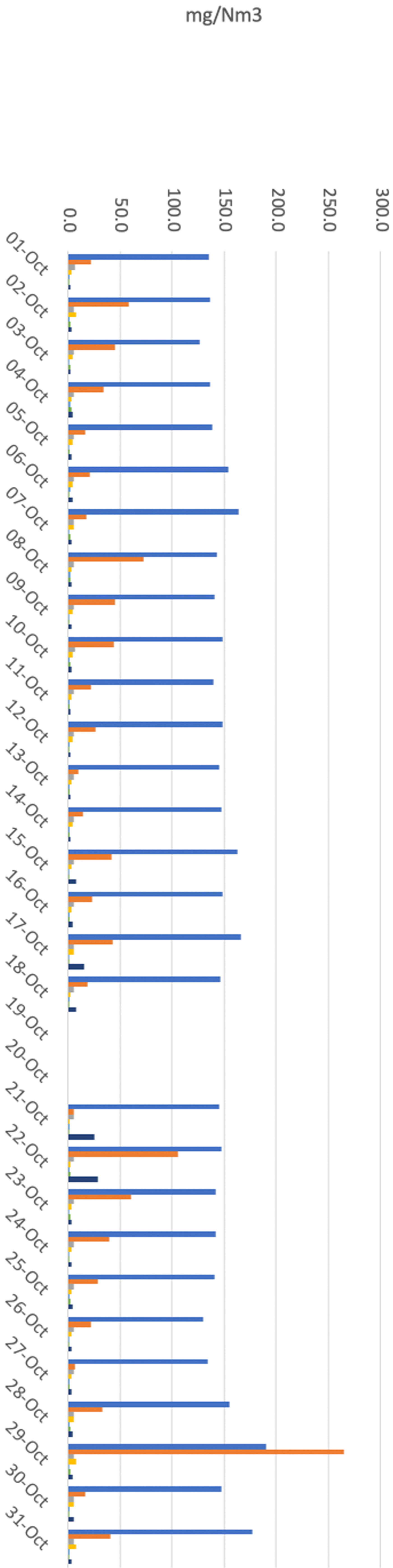
	Permitted levels mg/Nm3	
	Daily	30 min max average
Nitrogen Oxide (NO _x)	200	400
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	50	100
Sulphur Dioxide (SO ₂)	50	200
Hydrogen Chloride (HCl)	10	60
Ammonia (NH ₃)	10	
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	10	20
Particulates	10	30

Please see below for this months report

Learn more at www.lrel.co.uk

OCTOBER 2024 DAILY AVERAGE CEMS REPORT

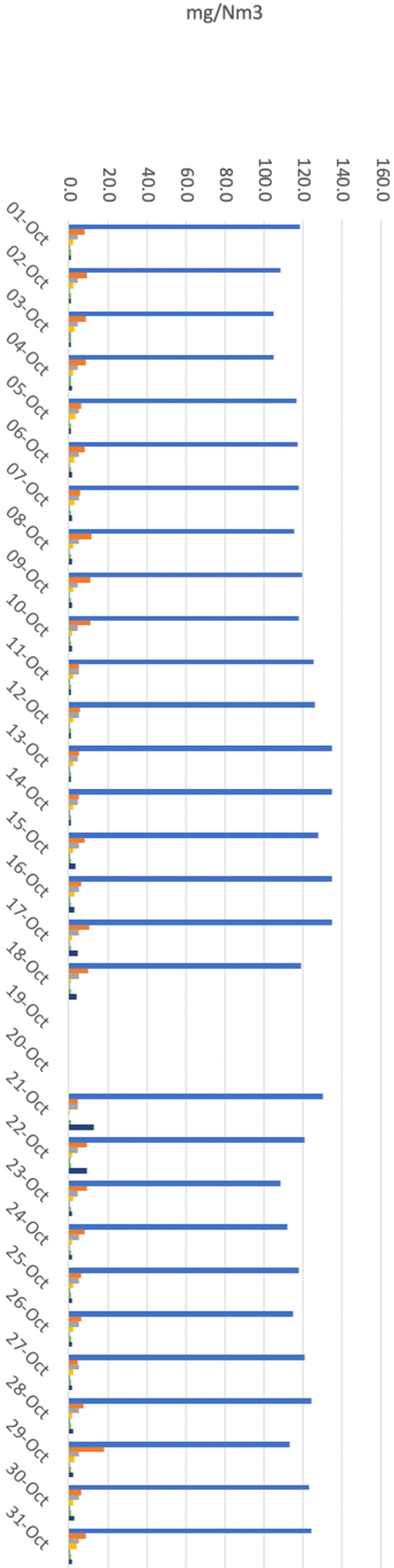
30-minute Average Maximums



	01-Oct	02-Oct	03-Oct	04-Oct	05-Oct	06-Oct	07-Oct	08-Oct	09-Oct	10-Oct	11-Oct	12-Oct	13-Oct	14-Oct	15-Oct	16-Oct	17-Oct	18-Oct	19-Oct	20-Oct	21-Oct	22-Oct	23-Oct	24-Oct	25-Oct	26-Oct	27-Oct	28-Oct	29-Oct	30-Oct	31-Oct
NOx 30m Max	135.31	135.91	126.71	136.71	138.01	153.71	164.31	143.11	141.11	148.31	139.11	148.71	145.61	147.41	162.31	148.71	166.01	146.2	0.0	0.0	144.71	147.71	142.31	141.91	140.71	130.01	134.31	155.51	190.71	147.21	176.7
CO 30m Max	21.7	58.4	44.5	33.8	16.7	20.6	17.2	72.8	45.3	43.7	21.4	26.5	9.6	14.3	42.1	23.2	42.8	19.1	0.0	0.0	5.7	106.0	60.0	39.0	28.5	22.0	6.4	32.4	265.4	15.9	41.1
SO2 30m Max	6.2	5.5	5.5	5.4	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.4	5.7	6.1	5.5	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.2	0.0	0.0	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.6	5.6	5.8	5.5	5.8	5.9	5.7	5.6
HCl 30m Max	3.0	7.1	4.4	3.5	4.2	4.5	5.4	3.4	4.2	4.6	3.2	4.8	3.5	4.1	3.3	3.5	4.9	1.7	0.0	0.0	1.1	2.4	2.8	3.0	2.9	3.2	3.5	5.8	7.7	5.1	7.9
NH3 30m Max	0.8	1.0	1.4	1.9	1.3	1.7	1.5	1.7	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.6	1.5	0.8	1.5	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.9	1.3	1.3	1.0	1.2	0.9	0.9	1.5	0.9	0.7
TOC 30m Max	1.5	1.6	1.7	3.5	1.0	1.5	1.6	2.5	1.4	2.2	1.1	1.4	0.9	1.0	1.4	1.0	1.5	1.4	0.0	0.0	1.4	1.7	1.9	1.5	1.9	1.4	0.9	1.6	2.5	1.3	1.5
Particulate Matter 30m Max	2.0	3.0	1.9	4.1	3.0	4.7	3.0	3.2	2.7	2.7	2.3	2.2	2.0	1.9	7.8	4.8	15.0	8.1	0.0	0.0	25.3	28.8	3.6	2.9	4.2	3.1	3.1	4.5	4.6	5.7	3.5

OCTOBER 2024 DAILY AVERAGE CEMS REPORT

Daily Averages



	01-Oct	02-Oct	03-Oct	04-Oct	05-Oct	06-Oct	07-Oct	08-Oct	09-Oct	10-Oct	11-Oct	12-Oct	13-Oct	14-Oct	15-Oct	16-Oct	17-Oct	18-Oct	19-Oct	20-Oct	21-Oct	22-Oct	23-Oct	24-Oct	25-Oct	26-Oct	27-Oct	28-Oct	29-Oct	30-Oct	31-Oct
NOx Daily Mean	118.6	108.6	105.1	104.9	116.8	117.4	118.1	115.4	119.9	118.0	125.7	126.3	134.8	135.0	128.0	134.9	134.8	119.3	0.0	0.0	130.3	120.6	108.5	112.2	117.6	114.7	121.0	124.1	113.1	122.9	124.4
CO Daily Mean	7.9	9.5	8.8	8.8	6.6	8.2	5.9	11.6	11.0	11.3	5.1	5.8	5.1	5.4	8.0	6.4	10.7	9.8	0.0	0.0	4.8	9.4	9.2	8.0	6.4	6.6	4.7	7.3	18.3	6.2	8.8
SO2 Daily Mean	4.9	4.8	4.9	4.9	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.9	4.7	5.0	5.0	4.9	4.8	5.0	5.2	5.2	5.0	0.0	0.0	4.5	4.7	4.9	5.1	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.0	5.1
HCl Daily Mean	2.3	2.2	2.7	2.3	3.3	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.4	1.9	2.6	2.3	2.3	2.6	2.5	2.7	1.7	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.7	1.5	2.1	2.0	2.2	2.1	2.1	1.9	3.1	2.5	4.3
NH3 Daily Mean	0.5	0.6	0.9	1.0	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.4
TOC Daily Mean	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.1	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	0.0	0.0	1.2	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
Particulate Matter Mean	1.1	1.3	1.1	2.0	1.3	2.0	1.6	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	3.2	3.0	4.9	4.2	0.0	0.0	12.6	9.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.5	2.6	2.9	1.9